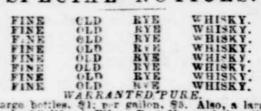
THE EVENING STAR NEWSPAPER COM'Y. S. H. KAUFFMANN, Prest.

THE EVENING STAR is served by carrier to heir subscribers at TEN CENTS PER WEEK, or FOR-TY-FOUR CENTS PER MONTH. Copies at the counter Two CENTS each. By mail-three months, \$1.50; ix months, \$3.00; one year, \$5.00 THE WEERLY STAR-published Friday-\$1.50 year. W Invariably in advance, in both cases,

and no paper sent longer than paid for. Rates of advertising furnished on application

SPECIAL NOTICES.



FINE OLD RYE WHISKY.

Large bettles, \$1; per gallen, \$5. Also, a large steck of California Wines. Port, Muscatel, Angelica and others per bottel or in quantity. These Wines are direct from producers, and are the only article in market that can be relied upon as perfectly pure, both for communion purposes and the sick. Prices astonishingly low. I have also a pure old Heiland Gin well adapted for delicate persons and females. All these goods are warranted perfectly pure. I still adhere to my former very low rates, 15 to 30 per cent. below usual rates, which is certainly a great inducement to buyers. I keep a large assortment, buy in large quantities, and hence can afford to sell so low. It will well repay to give me a call, even though it be a little out of your way.

ARTHUR NATTANS, Druggist.

ARTHUR NATTANS, Druggist, Second and D streets, N. W.

Wines, Liquors, &c., for the Holidays Mines, Liquors, &c., for the Holidays

More than one hundred of our citizens feel themselves under personal obligation to C. GAUTIER,
No. 1217 and 12P9 Pennsylvania avenue, for being able, through the virtues of his celebrated Bitiers, to participate in the festivities incident to the
Holiday Season. Although Mr. C. takes much pride
in thus being a public benefactor, he does not allow
the other duties of his business to escape hisobservation. Already his store greans with the immense
stock of Liquors and Cordials imperted for the Holiday trade, and which have been selected with care
for the wants of his patrons. Those in want of
Whiskies, Brandies, Wines and Liquors, should
favor him with a call, and be assured that what they
begy in his line will be not only pure but unadulterated.

Batchelor's Hair Dye. This splendid Hair Dye is the best in the world Barmiess, reliable, instantaneous, does not contain lead, nor any vitalic peison to produce paralysis or death. Avoid the vaunted and celusive preparations beasting virtues they de not possess. The genuine W. A. Bachelor's Hair Dye has had thirty years untarnished reputation to uphold its integrity as the only perfect Hair Dye—Black or Brown. Sold by all aruggists. Applied at 16 Bond street, New York

AMUSEMENTS.

NEW NATIONAL THEATER. Engagement of the Peerless Little Artist,

MAGGIE MITCHELL, supported by the distinguished actor, MR. L. R. SHEWELL and an entire new dramatic company. MONDAY and TUESDAY EVENINGS, FANCHON, 'THE LITTLE CRICHET.' WEDNESDAY-LORLE.

LIRST GRAND BALL MARQUE OF THE

CHASSEPOT GUARDS,

SCHUETZEN VEREIN GERMANIA, AT HARMONIAL HALL, 614 Pennsylvania Avenue, between 6th and 7th Sts., WEDNESDAY, JAN. 31, 1872.

GRAND PERFORMANCES OF THE CELEBRATED WASHINGTON PYRAMID AND PANTOMIME CLUB.

Musical and Theatrical Performances, &c., &c. Gentlemen's Tickets, \$1; Ladies' Tickets, 50c. One very handsome prize will be given to the most elegant, one to the most comical, and one to the ughest mask.

THE COMMITTEE OF ARBANGEMENTS,

OLD No.) ON EXHIBITION (NEW No. AND SALE (7TH ST. MARKRITER'S, Makharite. S.

No. 416 7th street, between D and E streets, eight doors above Odd Fellows' Hall.

Choice Oil Paintings, Engravings, Chromos, &c. Alse, largest stock Paper Hangings, Window Shades, Pictures, Frames, Picture Cerds and Tassels, Bings, Nails, &c., in the District.

TERMS CASH.

Please remember Name and Number. ap25-ly*

BALLS, PARTIES, &c.

LAYER SOCIALS, on WEDNESDAY
EVENING, Jan. 31st, 1872, at TRADES'
UNION HALL, corner of 8th and E streets.
Tickets \$1, admitting a gentleman and ladies.
Committee of Arrangements—M. Lavender, B. T.
Oliphant, Geo. Longdon, J. D. Bontz, Wm. Plowman.

PIANOS, &c.

GREAT BARGAINS IN SECOND-HAND MU-BICAL INSTRUMENTS, including Pianos, Melodeons, Accordeons, Guitars. Viclins, Banjos, &c., left for repairs over time, or taken in trade, will be sold regardless of sectual value, at

G. L. WILD & BRO.'S.

420 lith street west, 16-lm between Pennsylvania avenue and E st.

A BABE CHANCE—Having determined to intro-duce in this city the celebrated SCHO-MACKER PIANO, Philade phia, which has the newest improvements, magnificent tone; is better finished, and more durable than any other Pisno made, I now offer the same at 33 per cent. less cash than any other first class Piano can be beught, or for reasonable installments. Call and dec22 CABL BICHTER, 935 Penna. ave.

WASHINGTON HOTELS. THE IMPERIAL HOTEL.

(LATE JENNESS HOUSE,) JAMES SYKES, Proprietor. FRONTING PENNSYLVANIA AVENUE. Betteeen 13th and 14th streets, WASHINGTON, D. C.

Thankful to the public for generous patronage in the past, the Proprietor asks his old friends and pa-trons to test the accommodations of his present es-tablishment, which he promises shall be found at least equal to the best in Washington. jan9 if [Rep. Chron.]

TREMONT HOUSE, Near the Capitol and Depot:

The proprietor has built a new addition and enlarged his dining-room to accommodate 200 guests, and now offers first-class accommodations at \$2.50 per day. Weekly and monthly boarders taken at reasonable rates. Free omnibuses in attendance at all trains and steamboats.

J. P. BILL, Proprietor.

THE ARLINGTON," VERMONT AVENUE.

PROPRIETORS.

C. WILLARD. EBBITT HOUSE, WASHINGTON, D. C.

Mo. 1227 PENNSYLVANIA AVENUE.

Genuine Brazilian Pebble Spectacles. jan19-3m PLEASE TELL YOUR FRIENDS WHERE TO

Chilblains, Vascular Excrescences, Club and Ingrowing Toe-nails, and other diseases of the feet, relieved without pain, so the patient can walk with ease immediately, at DR. WHITE'S establishment, No. 835 15th street, opposite U.S. Treasary, Washington. (Branch Office, No. 7 North Charles street, near Baltimore street, Baltimore.) Refers to many eminent Physicians. Surgeons, and thousands of other well-known and responsible patrons. Hours, from 8 a. m. to 6 p.m. Press of business at office precludes visiting patients at residence except beprecludes visiting patients at residence except between 6 and 8 p.m. ESTABLISHED IN WASHdec22 R. SAPP'S WALKING MOTION TREADLE.

Ladies, reliable statistics show that a large majority of those who use sewing machines are seriously injured thereby, but with this Treadle attached you can use them without fatigue or injury. There is no downward motion to the heel; it is stationary, affording rest to the body, and relieving the back from all strain. It is run with one-half the power required for the old treadle, and much faster, and more steadily.

It is recommended by all physicians. Among those of this city we refer, by permission, to Drs. F. Howard, D. W. Bliss, N. S. Lincola, and T. S. Verdi.

W. SOMMERS, General Agent, jan25-2w. 1103 Pennsylvania avenue.

RAFFLE:—Two beautiful OIL PAINTINGS—
"Mozart Playing for the Imperial Court at Vicuna," by Hammond, and "Beethoven Playing, and
Rozart and the Imperial Court Listening," by
Merle. The Paintings are now on exhibition at
five dollars a chance—forty chances on each Painting.

121-61

TRENCH FLUTING—The only place in the city where it is dene. Also, Stamping, Pinking and Embroidery of every description. Braids of all kinds, and Embroidering Silks of all colors conianl3 lv

MRS. G. H. MAURER, 617 Seventh street, Opposite Patent Office. 100 CORDS BEST PINE WOOD. For sale cheap. THOMAS FAHEY.

Tenth street west and Canal.

Evening Si



Vol. 39-No. 5,887.

WASHINGTON, D. C., MONDAY, JANUARY 29, 1872.

TWO CENTS.

EVENING STAR.

Washington News and Gossip, Receptions.

The President will hold receptions from 8 10 o'clock p. m., on Thursday, February 1 and 15. Mrs. Grant's receptions will take place every Tuesday afternoon, from 3 to 5 o'clock. Mrs. Colfax will receive on Wednesdays during the season, (commencing January 3d,) from 2.30 till 5 p. m.

The wives of the several members of the President's Cabinet will receive on Wednesday afternoon of each week. Speaker Blaine's receptions will be held on

the following Friday evenings, from 9 to 11 o'clock-viz: January 12th and 26th, February Mrs. Blaine's receptions every Wednesday

afternoon of the season, beginning January 10th, from 2% to 5 o'clock. Mrs. Marshal Sharp receives on Fridays.

INTERNAL REVENUE .- The receipts from this source to-day were \$677,846.91.

SECRETARY ROBESON is expected to return from his wedding tour about the 1st proximo. MR. LYNCH'S Committee on Treasury Expenditures had another session at the Treasury uilding this morning.

MRS. HALLET KILBOURN writes from Florence to the Capital a spirited description of a visit to Powers' studio.

THOS. NAST, the famous artist of Harper's Weekly, is in town. He is the guest of Gen'l Chipman, and will remain here about a week. SENATOR MORTON left here last night for New Haven, Conn., where he is to deliver a

WM. E. CHANDLER, Esq., will probably represent the District of Columbia before the District Committee at the approaching investiga-

THE Hot 8', at quarter before four o'clock, referred the Senate resolution to adjourn on the 29th of May to the Ways and Means Committee, by a vote of 120 yeas to 77 nays. NOMINATIONS OF POSTMASTERS .- The Presi-

dent sent the following nominations of postmasters to the Senate to-day: H. S. Tillottson, Nevada, Mo.; Levi C. Albertson, Atlantic City, N. J.; Sylvanus Milner, Mount Vernon, Ind. THE CONSERVATIVE CAUCUS of the North Carolina legislature has nominated General Mat. Ransom, democrat, for United States Senator, to fill the vacancy caused by the resignation of Senator Vance. This is equivalent to

SENATOR-ELECT SARGENT, of California, was before the Post-Office Committee to-day in favor of increasing the subsidy for mail steamship service between California, China, and Japan, from half a million to one million of dol-

THE PRESIDENT'S VISITORS .- Senator Spencer, with a delegation from Alabama, Senators Robertson, Patterson and Kellogg, Gen. Chipman. Gov. Campbell, of Wyoming, Gov. Davis, of Texas, Gov. Holden and Judge Logan had interviews with the President to-day.

ANOTHER CONSCIENCE RELIEVED .- Treasurer Spinner received to-day through the internal revenue assessor for the first district of Illinois, from an anonymous contributor, \$25 belonging "to the U. S. Income Department in the Chicago district as 'conscience money.'" COL. ROBERT J. STEVENS, clerk to the House

Committee on Appropriations, has been appointed by the President one of the commissioners to superintend the annual assay at the Philadelphia mint. Col. Stevens was formerly director of the California mint. PERSONAL .- Rear Admiral Inglefield, C. B. naval attache, Mr. Charles Boyd Robertson,

ton, attache to Her Britannic Majesty's Legation at Washington, arrived at New York yesterday, in the "Calabria," and are expected to reach this city to-morrow evening. PURCHASE OF BONDS AND SALE OF GOLD. The Secretary of the Treasury has directed the Assistant Treasurer at New York to purchase

third secretary, and Mr. William Oswald Charl-

one million of bonds on the first, third, and fifth Thursdays of February, and to sell one million of gold on the second and fourth Thurs-

THE COMMISSIONER OF EDUCATION has received a letter from the Japanese Legation in this city, asking for information and statistics in regard to the schools for the colored people in the United States, and also in regard to schools for the education of females. The desired information has been given.

JUDGES FIELD AND HOPPMAN .- Mr. Hastings, of California, was before the House Judiciary Committee this morning, and continued his argument in favor of the impeachment of Associate Justice Field, of the U. S. Supreme Court, and U. S. District Judge Hoffman, of

PROPOSED INTERNATIONAL COPYRIGHT LAW .- A delegation representing the printers, publishers, and paper manufacturers of Philadelphia, appeared before the Joint Committee on the Library to-day, in opposition to the pro-posed international copyright law. Mr. Bur-ling, of New York, appeared on behalf of the artists of that city, in favor of the law. Without coming to any conclusion, the committee ad-journed until Monday, February 12th.

THE VENERABLE FRANCIS P. BLAIR, SR., and his wife occasionally take a walk of several squares from their residence on Pennsylvania avenue, near 17th street, and always attract considerable attention. Mr. Blair is now nearly eighty-one years of age and Mrs. Blair is now nearly eighty-one years of age and Mrs. Blair is a few years younger. They walk with the aid of tall canes or staves about five feet in height surmounted with brass knobs, going very slowly. Mr. Blair looks quite feeble, while Mrs. Blair carries her age remarkably well.

THE HOUSE COMMITTEE ON APPROPRIA-TIONS this morning finished the consular and diplomatic appropriation bill, which appropriates \$1,215,400 for that service. The total amount appropriated by the bill is about \$275,900 lead than that of last year, which contained an appropriation of \$325,000 to pay the balance due Great Britain on account of the Mudson Bay and Puget's Sound matter. The sum appropriated by the present bill for the service proper is about \$70,000 over that of last year, on account of appropriations being now made for items which were heretofore paid out of the contingent fund.

THE DRAKE AMENDMENTS ILLEGAL.-The Supreme Court of the United States to-day decided against what is known as the Drake cided against what is known as the Drake amendment, which provides that evidence of amnesty and pardon shall not be produced in the Court of Claims to prove loyalty, unless the recipient at the time he received it protested against the implication of previous disloyalty contained in the document. The court holds that the President has full power to grant amnesty and pardon. Under the proclamation of President Lincoln pardon and amnesty was granted on certain conditions, wifh a restoration of all property except slaves, which pardon and amnesty cannot be invalidated by the legislation of Congress.

NOTHING I'VE LEATHER .- The Ways and Means Commune this morning heard a delegation of hide and leather men.

Hon. John B. Alley, of Mass., opposed the reduction of duty on leather, and presented a protest of leading Boston merchants against it. He thought foreign hides did not come into competition with American hides to any extent.

G. W. Allen, of Milwaukie, argued in favor of a reduction of the duty on leather and removal of the duty on hides. Foreign raw hides were now taken to Canada, where they were tanned and exported, to the detriment of American trade, on account of the cheapness of labor and tanning material in Canada. The Canadians, he argued, at present had an advantage of 11 per cent. over us.

F. M. Johnson. of Boston, spoke in favor of repealing the duty on extracts of bark used in tanning.

A delegation of lumbermen will be heard to-morrow. Hon. John B. Alley, of Mass., opposed the reSociety.

- Mr. George Alfred Townsend gave a dinner party to a few congenial friends, mostly connected with the press, at his cosy residence on Farragut Square, on Saturday evening. The guests were: Governor Cooke, who occupied the seat on the right of the host; Mr. Crosby S. seat on the right of the host; Mr. Crosby S. Noyes, Mr. W. S. Huntington, Mr. S. H. Kauffmann, Mr. Wm. M. Corry, editor of the Cincinnati Commoner; Major Ben. Perley Poore, Col. Donn Piatt, Mr. A. R. Shepherd, Pay Director Cunningham, Mr. Jerome B. Stillson, Mr. David R. McKee, Mr. George W. Adams, Mr. Bridgeman, of the Boston Advertiser, and Gen. Eastman, Postmaster at Chicago. The entertainment was both bounteous and elegant to a rare degree, and the occasion abundantly testified that Mr. Townsend's capacity for contributing to the enjoyment of his friends is not limited alone to the efforts of his brilliant pen. He excels equally as auther and host.

He excels equally as auther and host. - Sir Edward and Lady Thornton entertained large and distinguished company at dinner on Saturday evening. Amongst those present were Mrs. Colfax, Senator and Mrs. Conkling, Mrs Secretary Fish, Senator and Mrs. Conking, Mrs. Secretary Fish, Senator Frelinghuysen, the Secretary of the Interior and Mrs. Delano, the Spanish Minister and Mme. Roberts, the Peruvian Minister and Mme. Freyre, Mrs. Williams, Baron Lederer, Hon. F. Pakenham, Hon. P. Le P. Trench, and Mr. Franquels.

- The matter of dress is one so closely allied to the subject of these paragraphs that we may be pardoned for inserting here an extract from yesterday's Capital. In speaking of the Robeson-Aulick wedding, and the dress worn by the bride on that occasion, our cotemporary says: "She had on a walking-dress without a train. Being a sersible woman, she wears a walking-dress that leaves the patent street-sweep without infringement; and at this punctuality was that the leaves in the street trains and the same that the leaves in the street trains we wish to see that the leaves in the same trains and the same trains to the same trains. tuation we wish to say that the loveliest woman becomes a filthy creature when she wears a train upon the street. We happened in the other day when a fair girl came home, and in the hall gathered up the drapery that she had been dragging upon Pennsylvania avenue. In its folds were found three stumps of cigars, a quid of to-bacco well masticated, no end of orange peel, and specimens of every sort of dirt to be found upon our pavements. She said that she had felt it getting heavier and heavier, until she could scarcely drag herself home. As the demi-monde, politely so called, distinguishes itself by these tra ins upon the street, it is somewhat dangerous for a respectable woman to wear this indetuation we wish to say that the loveliest woman ous for a respectable woman to wear this inde-

-The officers at the Marine Barracks held their usual festivities this morning. They intend to continue their dancing receptions every Monday, after "Inspection."

- Secretary Belknap has issued special invitations for Tuesday evening, January 30th, to the graduates of Princeton College, resident in Washington, to meet Rev. Dr. McCosh, President of that institution. As this is exclusively for graduates of Princeton, who have been invited, it should not be confounded with the Secretary's other receptions - To-morrow evening the Postmaster Gene-

ral and Mrs. Creswell will give an elegant dinner to members of the Cabinet. give a dinner, which will be, like all their en-

tertainments, recherche. REPRESENTATIVE GLENNI W. SCHOPIELD, 19th district of Pennsylvania, has written to one of his constituents in Erie, peremptorily refusing to be a candidate for re-election to the next

THE BROOKLYN HORROR-Arrest of the Supposed Murderer of Prof. Panormo.—Detective Corr, who alone of the Brooklyn police has shown any ability in upravelling the mystery that surrounds the Panormo murder, last night made another arrest. He found the long-sought-for short start men with the result. made another arrest. He found the long-soughtfor short stout man with the white coat. His
name is Kingsley, the son of respectable and
wealthy parents, residing in Cumberland street,
a few doors above Mr. Scott's. He has frequently been arrested, and is known and dreaded in
the neighborhood as a desperate rough. He was
seen, about 10 o'clock, on the night of the murder to enter the unfinished building next to the
Baptist church in Cumberland street, where it is
supposed Panormo received the fatal blows Baptist church in Cumberland street, where it is supposed Panormo received the fatal blows. When the detective tapped him on the shoulder and told him he was his prisoner, he started, and asked excitedly, "what for?" On the way to the station-house he repeatedly asked the same question, saying, "I knew it; I felt it in my bones." Kingsley answers the description given of the supposed murderer. When arrested he was dressed in a dark suit of clothes, but wore no great coat. To-day he will be brought before the witnesses for identification. The young man who saw him enter the building is confident that Kingsley was the person. as he knows him well. He would have made this fact known before, but was requested by his parents to say nothing of it, as it would get him into trouble. He went to Washington the day after the murder, but returns to-day.—N. Y. Sun, 27th instant.

"JEFF." DAVIS A YANKER .- A curious fact "JEFF." DAVIS A YANKEE.—A curious fact has come to light here concerning Mr. Jefferson Davis. Evidence has been found to be in existence that, instead of being born in Kentucky, as has always been supposed, and as he has always asserted, he was really born in Massachusetts; and therefore, instead of being a pureblooded son of southern chivalry, he is only a Massachusetts Yankee. Lanman's Dictionary of Connects puts Davis down rather indefinitely as having been born in Christian county, Kentucky, in 1808. Persons who claim to be well-informed say that "Jeff." was born in old Stockbridge, Mass., in 1808, and removed to Kentucky with his father when a small child. His father is said to have been a wheelwright by trade, and the house where he lived on one side of the road, the house where he lived on one side of the road, and the shop where he worked on the other side, and the shop where he worked on the other side, are well remembered by living witnesses. After all, the illustrious rebel comes from plebeian stock.—Wash. Cor. N. Y. Times.

THE INDIAN PENSION FRAUDS .- A telegram THE INDIAN PENSION FRAUDS.—A telegram from Leavenworth, dated January 27th, says: Alexander Claperton, arrested at Fort Scott on the 14th inst., on a charge of defaulting the government while acting as Indian pension agent at Fort Smith, Arkansas, under Gen. Wright, was taken before the U.S. Commissioner to-day, and his case continued for twelve days. Gen. Wright sent a dispatch to Colonel W. G. Coffin, of this city, to-day, stating there was no indictment against Claperton, and to secure his release, and go his ball if necessary. Later in the day the United States Marshal received a telegram from the district attorney in New York. day the United States Marshal received a tele-gram from the district attorney in New York, saying a certified copy of the indictment against Claperton and a bench warrant had been for-warded by mail. Claperton is the main witness against Wright in his Indian difficulties, and it is expected an attempt will be made to secure the prisoner's release on a writ of habeas corpus.

THE TEMPERANCE CONVENTION at Boston did not mean to miss anything by not asking enough.

Among the things which they resolved to ask of the Legislature were: that liquor dealers, "as other criminals," should be excluded from the jury box; that liquor drinkers drawn on juries might be challenged at discretion; that the punishment for the first unlawful sale of liquor might be thirty days imprisonment for the second offence sixty days, and so on, doub-ling the penalty every time; and that any per-son selling or giving away liquor might be held responsible for all damage that should result therefrom.

Pore and Czar.—The Pope on Friday granted an audience to the Grand Duke Michael, brother of the Czar of Russia. This is regarded as indicative of reconciliation of the differences which have existed between His Holiness and the Czar. It is reported that the Pope in return for permission to reall the vacant Polish episcopal sets, will expressly sanction the adoption of the Russian language in Roman Catholic churches of those provinces with mixed population lying between Russia proper and Poland proper.

THE NEW CITY ICE-BOAT Maryland sustained \$50,000 damages by fire in Baltimore last night, which is fully obvered by insurance. She had only been in service about three weeks, and was entirely new. The fife is supplied to have been the work of an incendiary. The ice-boat Chesapeake, it will be remembered, was burned last winter, and the origin of the fire was never ascertained. The R. R. Kirkland is the only boat new in the service of the city.

GOV. SCOTT ESCAPES IMPRACEMENT BY A TIE VOTE.—In the South Carolina assembly last week, the second attempt to impeach Governor Scott, instigated by the colored member Whipper, failed by a tie vote 40 to 40, when the speaker gave the casting vote in the negative. The colored member Byas, shot by a correspondent of the Charleston News, was able to be in his seat to give his vote for the governor.

RIME INDICTMENTS IN JERSEY.—The grand jury of Hudson county, New Jersey, is said to have indicted Boss Bunstead, of the Board of Public Works, Fire Commissioner Thomas Fielder, Chief of Police McWilliams, Police Captain McHarvey, and a number of other republican politicians, charged with ring jobs. Mayer Medill, of Chicago, is proposed for that place. FORTY-SECOND CONGRESS. This Afternoon's Proceedings.

MONDAY, January 29. SENATE .- Mr. Sumner rose to correct AN OMISSION IN THE GLOBE.

He said that it might be remembered that on Friday, when he offered a resolution, (his civil Friday, when he offered a resolution, (his civil rights amendment to the adjournment question.) the Senator from Maine [Mr. Hamlin] had made a speech [the suggestion to sing Old Hundred.] This was omitted in the Globe, making his (Mr. Sumner's) reply thereto unintelligible. He then read from a note addressed to him by the proprietors of the Globe, to the effect that the remarks of Mr. Hamlin had been left out at the request of that Senator. Mr. S. concluded with the hope that in the quarto edition of the Globe this omission will be restored.

Mr. Cole called up bill granting Praesidio mintary reservation to the city of San Francisco for a public park; which, after debate, was again laid over.

co for a public park; which, after debate, was again laid over.

Mr. Scott called up resolution reported from Silect Committee on Southern Sutrages, directing arrest of Clayton Camp and David Gist, two recusant witnesses, of South Carolina; which was discussed until the expiration of the morning hour, but no action was taken on it.

The special order, which was the amnesty bill, then came up.

bill, then came up.

A discussion ensued on this point of some length as to what was the understanding, during which considerable difference of opinion wa The motion of Mr. Morrill to lay the amner

bill on the table was rejected—ayes, 26; nays, 31.

A proposition was then made by Mr. Wilson to postpone the amnesty bill until one o'clock to-morrow, with the understanding that no vote shall be taken on that day, and this was finally agreed to agreed to.

The apportionment bill was then proceede

with, on which Mr. Morrill (Vt.) was entitled to

Mr. Morrill proceeded to read from manu-script an interest critique on the principles which should govern. He contended that the House bill discriminated in a most unequal manner against some of the states, and inclined to regard the Senate bill with favor. He held that if it was really judged to be necessary and a benefit to increase the number of the House the expense should not weigh a feather in the balar ce; but his view was that a small House was better capable of doing the work. He had prepared a series of tables, showing the population at each decade since the foundation of the government. and the ratio of representation fixed at each decade. He believed that the representation should be increased rather than reduced. If the same ratio was adhered to as at one time prevailed. a Mormon temple would not be sufficient to hold the representatives. He complained of the great wrong and injustice done to Vermont in reducing her representation to two members. When the House was very much smaller Vermont had six members; now the House proposes to give her but two out of 300 members. He said there were no less than fifteen states which had a right to complain of

The question then recurred on the first amendment of the Judiciary Committee, which was to strike out the first section of the House bill. bers of the House 23, and insert as a substitute the section retainthe present number, 243.

HOUSE OF REPRESENTATIVES .- A usual, on Monday in the House, the states were called for bills and resolutions for reference only, and the following were introduced and referred to the committees indicated, viz:
By Mr. Peters (Me.)—Bill to extend the boundaries of the customs districts of Bangor, Me. Commerce. Also, bill to define the right of part owners in vessels in certain cases. Com-

By Mr. Hale (Me.)-Bill to establish the num ber of officers of certain work in the U. S. Navy. Ey Mr. Smith (Vt.)—Bill to admit pine, timber and lumber free of duty. Ways and

By Mr. Poland (Vt.)—Bill to amend the pensions act of 1872. Pensions. Also, bill to limit sions act of 1872. Pensions. Also, bill to limit the time when claims may be presented against the United States. Ways and Means.

By Mr. Butler (Mass)—Bill to establish equality of rights among citizens of the United States. Revision of Laws.

By Mr. Banks (Mass.)—Bill to authorize the

construction of ten or more vessels of war, and for other purposes. Naval Affairs. Also, bill relating to the further protection of American Fishermen. Foreign Affairs.
Also, b'll for the relief of Oliver Moles, owner of the ship John Harney. Naval Affairs. By Mr. Starkweather (Conn.)—Bill to im prove the Thames river, Connecticut. Com-Also, bill to improve the harbor of Norwalk

Connecticut. Commerce.

By Mr. Strong (Conn.)—Bill to improve the mouth of the Connecticut river. Commerce.

By Mr. Barnum (Conn.)—Bill to improve Southport harbor, Connecticut. Commerce. By Mr. Cox (N. Y.)—Bill in relation to the sale of United States lands, and to prohibit compensation to agents. Ways and Means.

By Mr. Duell (N. Y.)—Bill to repeal so much of the internal revenue act as imposes a tax on syrups made of fruits and vegetables. Ways and

By Mr. L. Myers (Pa.) -Bill to amend the bankrupt act. Judiciary.

By Mr. Haldeman (Pa.)—Bill for a public building for a court-house, &c., at Harrisburg,
Pa. Public Buildings and Grounds.
By Mr. B. F. Meyers (Pa.)—Bill to remove the
charge of desertion against Daniel Horner, private in the 91st regiment Pennsylvania volunteers. Military Affairs.
By Mr. Ritchie (Md.)—Memorial of Francis
H. Bankard. Claims. Also, memorial of Hon.
H. W. Hoffman, Hon. Geo. A. Pearre and others.
Public Lands.

By Mr. Cobb (N. C.)-Bill to erect a cour house in Hartford county, N. C., in place of the one destroyed by Federal troops. Claims.

By Mr. DuBose (Ga.)—Bill to remove the political disabilities of Martin J. Crawford, of Georgia. Judiciary. By Mr. McIntyre (Ga.) - Bill to revive section

land to Minnesota for railroad purposes, and which included a section for a grant to Georgia. By Mr. Handley (Ala.)—Bill to repeal the tax on spirits made from apples and fruits. Ways

of the act of March 3, 1857, making a grant of

and Means.

By Mr. Sloss (Ala.)—Bill in relation to the grant of lands for the railroad between Rome and Decatur, Georgia; Public Lands. Also, bill in relation to pay of army officers absent on leave; Military Affairs.

By Mr. Sheldon (La.)—Bill to provide for arming and equipping the whole body of the militia of the United States.

By Mr. Stevenson (Ohio.)—Bill for the relief By Mr. Stevenson (Ohio.)—Bill for the relief of distillers of spirits by refunding money deposited for purchase of Tice meters. Ways and Means. Also, bill to utilize the burnt timber on the public lands in Michigan. Public Lands. By Mr. Garfield (Ohio.)—Bill to extend the jurisdiction of the Light-house Board. Commerce.

merce.

By Mr. Beck (Ky.)—Bill to allow 50 per cent. of duty on imports to be paid in legal tenders. Ways and Means.

By Mr. Golladay (Tenn.)—Bill to equalize the distribution of public lands of the United States, and in-relation to free schools, &c. Education

By Mr. Vaughan (Tenn.)—Bill to authorize the redemption of real estate purchased by the United States government at tax sales. Judici-

the survey of Fort Gratiot Reservation in Michigan. Appropriations.

By Mr. Sutherland (Mich.)—Bill in relation to the sale of certain islands in Loginaw river, Michigan. Pablic Lands.

By Mr. Connor (Texas.)—Bill to regulate trade and commerce between the States. Commerce. By Mr. Dennan (Iowa.)—Bill granting the right of way to the Danath Southern Railroad Company. Public Ladds.

By Mr. Eldridge (Wis.)—Bill making an appropriation for a light-house at the mouth of Fond Du Lac river in Wisconsin. Commerce. By Mr. Coghlan (Cal.)—Bill to improve the harbor of San Francisco.

By Mr. Chipman (D. C.)—Bill to annul the act to incorporate Columbia College. Judiciary.

Also, bill to regulate proceedings in equity courts. Judiciary.

Also, bill to regulate proceedings in equity courts. Judiciary.

Mr. Voerhees (Ind.) offered a resolution to recognize the belligerency of Cuba. The House refused to pass it, and it was referred to the Foreign Affairs Committee.

Mr. Getz (Pa.) offered a resolution to inquire into the manner which the State Department is being constructed, but it was objected to.

At 2 o'clock Mr. Dawes called up the Senate resolution for adjournment in May 20th, and it

TROY, Jan. 29.—R. H. McClellan has retired from the office of collector of the port, having received a letter from the Secretary of the Treasury saying the President has suspended him under the rules and regulations of the civil service. resolution for adjournment in May 29th, and it was discussed at length.

TELEGRAMS TO THE STAR. This Afternoon's Dispatches. ASSOCIATED PRESS REPORTS.

FROM EUROPE TO-DAY. Telegraphed Exclusively to The Evening Star. The Alabama Claims.

London, Jan. 29.—The Alabama claims and their consideration before the Geneva Board of Arbitration, are the themes uppermost in the English journals. Apprehension is expressed as to the character and amount of the American demands. demands, and uneasiness is reflected on 'Change, where it has a depressing influence on American securities.

The New President of Liberia Inau London, Jan. 29—Roberts was inaugurated president of the republic of Liberia on New Year's day.

MADRID, Jan. 29.—The capital and provinces are now quiet. The only immediate change in the Ministry will probably be the withdrawal of Senor Garnindes.

Arraignment of Stokes. A MOTION TO QUASH THE INDICTMENT. NEW YORK, Jan. 29.—Stokes was arraigned to plead in the Court of Oyer and Terminer this morning. His lawyer, John Graham, said he morning. His lawyer, John Graham, said he intended to move to quash the indictment; the grand jury had been given the case before the coroner's jury had given their verdict. The coroner kept back the fact as to whether the deceased was armed, and otherwise exceeded his authority, contrary to statute, in his anxiety to obtain a murderous verdict. The papers were clandestinely transferred to the

grand jury. The coroner, too, in violation of his previous promise, placed upon the jury a lawyer named Mannsell B. Field, whose motives were prejudiced.

Mr. Graham alluded to the part taken by ex-Judge Fullerton in the obtaining of the indictment against Stokes, saying Fullerton became acquainted with all Stokes' private affairs as his counsel, and then, Stokes having refused to pay him an enormous counsel fee of \$5,000, sued him, subsequently risking his knowledge as for-mer counsel to secure an indictment against Stokes.

The foregoing were put before the court by Mr. Graham in the shape of an affidavit. District Attorney Garvin stated that he did District Attorney Garvin stated that he did not propose to put in contradictory affidavits.

Mr. Graham then asked the court to quash this indictment on the grounds that the act of 1870 regulating the sitting of two grand juries was unconstitutional, and, even if constitutional, that the court should, in its discretion, order a vacating, and order a presentment for homicide, and send it back to another grand jury sitting after the 1st of Feb 1uary. Mr. Graham continued arguing to prove that the indictment was in violation of the oaths of the grand jury who brought in this presentof the grand jury who brought in this present-

The Three Days' Darkness.
PHILADELPHIA, Jan. 29.—The Catholic Journal (the bishop's organ) having republished an artisle purporting to set forth the prediction of a notable person in religion who died several years back in an Italian convent, to the effect years back in an Italian convent, to the elect that about this time would come, with wars and pestilence, an awful calamity of three days of total darkness, during which many people would perish, Bishop Wood has issued a circular re-jecting the publication, as made without his sanction. Respecting the prophecy itself, the Bishop advises the faithful to calm their fears, and states that after examining the life of the holy person to whom the prediction is ascribed—one whom the church has declared venerable—nothing has been discovered to authenticate such a prophecy as is associated with her name. He also reminds the faithful that they are required to be a prophecy as is associated. the faithful that they are required to believe only that which is promulgated by the church,

and that by obeying her precepts and avoiding sin, they may be prepared to receive whatever judgment God, in his wisdom, might impose. New York Affairs. DEATH OF AN EDITOR-SMALL-POX-AN EX-MILLIONAIRE NEARLY STARVED-ARREST OF NEW YORK, Jan. 29 .- Joseph B. Lyman.

agricultural editor of the Tribune, died yester-The small-pox is very virulent and fatal Hoboken and Union Hill, N. J. Wm. Thompson, formerly an adjutant under General Jackson, and once the wealthiest banker in New Orleans, was found last night in a small office in Broadway sick and destitute and nearly starved. He was taken to the hospital by the police. He is eighty years old. Costello, who wounded Glass in self defence wao arrested this morning and held to await the

result of Glass' symptoms. Glass is now delir-

The Territorial Indian Policy ST. LOUIS, Jan. 29.—Thomas Lemoine, of this city, who has spent several weeks in the Indian territory, has just returned, and reports that the feeling in regard to the adoption of the territorial policy is gaining ground, but there is still interse hostility to it, and considerable interest is interse hostility to it, and considerable interest is manifested as to the congressional results on the subject. In the Creek nation the advocacy of the measure would be dangerous to the life of the advocate. Among the Choctaws the policy is gradually growing. Among the Cherokees it is still more. He says it is merely a question of time with all tribes as to its ultimate success. But little else is talked of there now, and the sending of rival delegates to Congress is the source of much comment, and occasions at times local trouble.

times local trouble. The Skirmishing in Mexico. MATAMORAS, Jan. 28.—(Herald special.)—Cortina, in a manifesto, denies complicity with the revolutionists, and asserts his determination to support the government. In a fight yesterday between Camargo and Mier between small forces on either side, the revolutionists were defeated and their leader, named Pena, killed, and his body hung on a tree. Cortina telegraphs that he expects to be besieged to-morrow, and and his body hung on a tree. Cortina telegraphs that he expects to be besieged to-morrow, and says Quiroga has only twenty-five rounds of ammunition. Martial law has been declared in San Luis. The legislature has protested and dissolved, subject to the call of the Governor. An additional disaster to Porfirio Diaz is reported.

The Ohio Distillery Frauds. CINCINNATI, Jan. 29.—In the United States Circuit Court, in the case of Daniel G. Duntin Circuit Court, in the case of Daniel G. Duntin and others for alleged conspiracy to defraud the United States of taxes upon certain distilled spirits manufactured in the 6th Ohio district, in which demurrer had been filed on the plea that the prosecution was barred by the two years statute of limitation. Judge Emmerson on Saturday rendered a decision. The thirtieth section of the act of March, 1867, punishing conspiracies was a revenue law, and the period of limitation for offences against the said section was five years instead of two.

Highway Robberies in New York. Mighway Bobberies in New York.

New York, Jan. 29.—Three highwaymen,
John McLaughlin, Thomas Farlough and
James Jackson, who knocked down and robbed
a man on Myrtle avenue, Brooklyn, Sunday
morning, were arrested yesterday. The watch
of the robbed man was found on McLaughlin.
Another man was knocked down on Clinton
street, Brooklyn, by two highwaymen, but the
latter fied on the approach of the police. Wm.
Andrews was knocked down by highwaymen on
Fulton street in this city yesterday morning.
He was taken to the station and is not expected
to live.

duty on imported printing type. Ways and lish op.

By Mr. Ceburn (Ind.)—Bill amendatory of the act for the establishment and protection of National Cemeteries. Military Affairs.

By Mr. Parker (Mo.)—Bill to allow women to vote and beld office in the territories of the United States. Judiciary.

By Mr. McCormick (Mo.)—Bill to confirm land tities in Missouri. Public Land Claims.

By Mr. Cenger (Mich.)—Bill to provide for the survey of Fort Gratiot Reservation in Mich.

By Mr. Sutherland (Mich.)—Bill in relevant to provide for the survey of Fort Gratiot Reservation in Mich.

By Mr. Sutherland (Mich.)—Bill in relevant to provide for the survey of Fort Gratiot Reservation in Mich.

Covince Tenant and is not expected to the Complex Composition General Conference yesterday, 30,000 posters, containing the following, were ordered to be distributed throughout the city:—

"Played Out."

New Yore, Jan. 29.—At a meeting of the Cosmopolitan General Conference yesterday, 30,000 posters, containing the following, were ordered to be distributed throughout the city:—

"Played Out."

New Yore, Jan. 29.—At a meeting of the Cosmopolitan General Conference yesterday, 30,000 posters, containing the following, were ordered to be distributed throughout the city:—

"Played Out."

Elections are played out, when one repeater is worth five voters, one stuffer is more than them all. The legislature is played out when it becomes a vote market, and its laws a matter of hargain and sale; and the patience of the people will be shortly played out."

Western Jan.

Covince Tenant Tenant

Western Jack Shepherds.
Covingrow, Kr., Jan. 29.—Testerday morning three prisoners escaped from the city jail by means of a key taken from the turnkey. Their names are Ben. Crusey, charged with burglary. George Faulkner, a horse thief, and John R. Lamb, a forger.

Evansville, Ind., Jan. 29.—Washington Walker, Frank Osborn, James Johnson, and Thos. Camper Kemp, the latter a murderer, broke jail at Princeton, Ind., yesterday, and are still at large.

Boston, Jan. 29.—Edward Geland, sentenced to imprisonment for life, and Patrick Gunning for twenty years, made on attempt to escape from the state prison at Charlestown yesterday, but were caught descending the interwall. An iron wrench, a rope, and a shoe knife had been secured, and were used in making their escape. pended Under the Civil Service

The Internationals Speaking.

New York, Jan. 29.—At a meeting of the Federal Council of the International Society yesterday, reports were read showing that the organization is spreading largely throughout the country. Twenty-seven new unions were formed during the month.

A Fatal Fall.

Boston, Jan. 29.—James W. Henry, a well-known turfite, died this morning from injuries received on Saturday last by being thrown from his wagon on the mili dam.

New York, Jan. 23.—Snow fell about day-light this morning. One of the heaviest gales from the northwest has been prevailing since subrise. It is very cold and clear.

The Canandaigua. New York, Jan. 29.—The steam frigate Can-andaigua is expected to sail for the Mediterranean to-morrow.

New York, Jan. 29.—John Glass, the rough who was cut severely by Costello last week, is said to be dying at the hospital. A Church Burned.

CINCINNATI, Jan. 29.—A Presbyterian church in Ludlow, Ky., was burned yesterday. Loss 10,000. No insurance.

Renewed Excitement in Utah. THE SAINTS TALK OF DVING MARTYRS IN THE CAUSE OF POLYGAMY.

Gov. Woods, of Utah, on Saturday veloed the act in reference to the holding of a convention for the admission of Utah. The Governor says that without authority from Congress the legis-lature has no right to act upon the subject of admission to the Union; and further, Utah having less than the required population under the present apportionment for one representative in Congress, it would be well to await the pleasure Congress, it would be well to await the pleasure of the general government in the premises. The Governor concludes with the opinion that good judgment would require that before any convention is called Utah should place herself in harmonious relations with the general government. He urges the abandoament of polygamy and the enactment of laws in accordance with the laws of Congress on that subject, and until that is done, he says, the people of Utah cannot expect nor should they ask admission as a state. The veto message was received in the house of general assembly amid great excitement, bitter invectives being hurled at the Governo. Mr. Taylor, one of the apostles, said: "The polygamy pertion of this message I consider an open insult to us. It is worn threadbare and has become a stench in the nostrils of all respectable people. What laws have we violated? And if we have violated any why are we not punished we have violated any why are we not punished for it? Even murderers are brought to testify against and every means used to prove us guilty of polygamy. If it is contrary to the Constitution laws of the United States why don't the Federal judges prosecute us under the United States laws? Is this House to be insulted by such charges as are contained in the documents from the Governor? I say no. I throw it back in his face and tell him it is a falsehood." [Voices—Hear, hear.] Mr. Rockwood said they had been abased long enough, and that he would gladly die a martyr to the Mormon cause. If there was any of the blood of our forefathers of 76 in the assembly they would at once resent the insult. On motion of Mr. Young, a committee of three, to act with a similar committee from the Council, was appointed to draft the point of resolutions for the purpose named in the vetoed act. The same committee were instructed to draft resolutions expressive of the sense of the House in regard to the offensive charges in the Governor's veto message.

A DRUNKEN FATHER MURDERS HIS SON. Henry Hepner, a Germ on tailor, forty-six years of age, living at 511 east 11th street, New York, while suffering from the effect of a drunken de-bauch, shot his only son, Herman, a youth or eighteen, in the crowded thoroughtare of Grand street, yesterday afternoon. He afterwards made a desperate attempt to commit suicide. He was removed to Bellevue Hospital, where he lies in a precarious condition. It appears Hepner some six months since took to drinking hard and appears here. hard, and neglected and abused his family. He often threatened when drunk to ily. He often threatened when drunk to kill his son, and said the children by a former husband of his wife were endeavoring to alienate the son's affection for the father. On two occasions Hepner was so bad his family had to have him placed under bonds to keep the peace. His conduct, however, continued to become worse and his family, fearing for their safety, determined to have him put under restraint. The mother, son and daughter with this intention went to the Police Court Satur-day but could not obtain the warrant. While day but could not obtain the warrant. While returning home they met the father in Grand street, who joined them. Suddenly he exclaimed: "My own boy—the best boy I ever had!" and immediately drew a pistol and shot his son dead. He then shot himself. Young Hepner was assistant bookkeeper in A. T. Stewart's wholesale establishment, and was highly spoken of. The family is a very respect. highly spoken of. The family is a very respect-

Wonderful Presence of Mind in a WoMan.—A correspondent writing from Pittsburg,
Penn., gives the following account of a singular accident which occurred in that city about
7 o'clock on Tuesday morning last: "A freight
train ran off the track, near the corner of Grant
street and 7th avenue, and demolished a dwelling in which Mrs. Reagan and her three children were sleeping. Mrs. Reagan heard the
crashing of the car and the shouts of the men,
and realized that the house was in danger. A
lamp was burning on the other side of the room,
and the first thought Mrs. Reagan had was
of the lamp and of the danger of explosion and
fire if the house should fall. With remarkable presence of mind she seized her babe
in her arms, sprang out of bed, ran to the
lamp and extinguished it; then she ran down
stairs, and had just reached the foot of the
stairs when the car struck the house and completely shattered the end and side, throwing the WONDERPUL PRESENCE OF MIND IN A WOstairs when the car struck the house and completely shattered the end and side, throwing the whole building into a mass of ruins. Mrs. Reagan and her babe were buried in the debris, the entire second floor, except a portion upheld by the back wall of the house, falling over them. They were protected by the floor falling upon portions of the wreck, which kept it from falling directly upon them. The child was not hurt, the mother sustained many bruises, but no serious injury. The two other children were deeping on the second floor, one side of which fell to the ground. They rolled against the wheels of the car that had caused all the ruin, and were uninjured.

and were uninjured. "WORK AND WAGES" IN ENGLAND .- If the republican movement is in abeyance, that of "work and wages" is in full progress. A daily paper before me has nearly two columns devoted paper before me has nearly two columns devoted to the disputes, meetings, strikes in various trades and districts. The operative iron-spoon forgers began a strike on New Years against paying shop-rent and firing; the boat-builders of the Midland canal system have got their nine bours a day; the locksmiths and key-makers demand ten per cent advance in wages; the nailers threaten to strike for an advance; the miners want their condition raised "socially, morally and intellectually." and measures taken morally and intellectually," and measures taken to secure the "better protection of their lives while at work." At a large meeting of the Dudley colliers, they opened the proceedings by inging in full chorus:

"Britannis" and their sond the proceedings by

"Britannia's sons, though slaves ye be, God. your Creator, made you free;
He life to all and being gave,
But never, never made a slave."
They want the nine hours a day instead of working at stints. Finally, the railway engine drivers, who now run sometimes sixteen or eighteen hours a day, are clamoring for nine hours.—London Cor. N. Y. Times.

SUICIDAL SEQUEL TO THE BROOKLYN MUR-DER.—Alfred East, an Englishman, twenty-five years old, who boarded at the same house, and years old, who bearded at the same house, and lodged in the same room, in Brooklyn, with Professor Panormo, who was murdered last week, blew his brains out Saturday morning. A letter left by the suicide says: "It is God's will that I should appear before him. He knows a am innocent with regard to the murder of peer departed Panorme. May He in time bring to justice the perpetrator of this misfortune. I have contemplated this for some time. I have dreaded the threats and derision of my enemies. I have seen some wrongs in this world; thank God, I have never spilled a drop of a man's blood.

BALTIMORE AND ONIO RAILMOAD COM-PARY.—Two bills were introduced in the Mary-land senate Friday by Mr. Denison in relation to the Baltimore and Ohio Railroad Company. One bill repeals the law for the payment of one-fifth of the passenger fare on the Washington branch, on condition that the company will consent to taxation of the property of the Wash-ington branch, and also pay over all the money in their hands elaimed to be due the state. The other bill gives the company the power to sue the State for their claim for difference of ex-change, &c., in the payment of the foreign in-terest. The bills were referred to the finance committee.

THE PRINCE OF WALES contemplates a sea voyage as soon as pleasant weather sets in. The royal yacht Victoria and Albert is now being refitted for the Prince's convenience, and during the months of April his royal Highness will embark for a cruise in the Mediterranean and the Madeira Islands.

A WOMAN SHOOTS HER EMPLOYER.

About 2 o'clock yesterday afternoon, Fanny Hyde, aged eighteen years, residing at No. 30 Myrtie avenue, shot and killed George W. Watson, at his haufdressing establishment, corner of south 11th and 1st streets, E. D. She immediately gave herself up to the police, and her husband went to the station with her. It appears that Watson, who boarded at No. 47 Wilson street, occupied one floor of the four-story brick factory on the corner of south 11th and 1st streets, and was manufacturer of silk nets for ladies' head-dress. Fanny Hyde had been in his employ for several years, and during that time they have been very intimate, and she alleges that Watson ruined her. After this intercourse she says that Watson visited her frequently, and that on these occasions he called her vile names, and taunted her with acts of degradation which he had forced her to commit. This treatment was continued after her marriage, and she finally resolved to put a stop to it. She told Watson he must not intercere with her, or she would tell her husband. He desisted for a time, and she worked away the same as for a time, and she worked away the same as other girls in the factory. On Thursday Watson renewed his insults, and insisted upon her accompanying him into an adjoining room, and upon her refusing he threatened to discharge her. Yesterday morning, fearing violence at his hands, she brought a pistol, as she says, for the purpose of protecting herself. The quarrel was renewed, and Fanny begged Watson to let her alone. He continued to insult her, and made use of offensive epithets, which so enraged her that she drew the pistol and shot him dead in the hall-way, outside the shop door. Mrs. Hyde's father, John Windley, was the first to find Watson after the shot, and on seeing Watson, who was also his employer, lying in a pool of blood, he gave the alarm. Fanny frankly stated that she had shot Watson, and added that, though she did not intend to kill him, she had good cause for going so. She then for a time, and she worked away the same as him, she had good cause for going so. She then sent for her husband, who is employed in Appleton's book manufactory, and when he arrived she walked with him to the 5th precinct station and surrendered herself. Henry Hyde, her husband, states that he has been marrial to his wife about two years. The deceased was a man about 45 years of age, has a son nearly 20, and his family are in Boston. A jury was im-paneled by Coroner Whitehill, who viewed the body and a permit was given for burial. The ball from Fanny's pistol severed Watson's jugular vein and caused instant death.—N. Y. Times,

Brooklyn's Last Tragedy.

WOMAN SHOOTS HER ENPLOYER.

THE DEFENSE OF FISK'S MURDERER—A Stronge Story.—"Burleigh," the New York correspondent of the Boston Journal, gives the following outline of Stokes' probable defense:—"Stokes has been arraigned on an indictment found by the grand jury, but he has not yet pleaded. There are some interesting if not startling positions taken for the defence. The one is that Colonel Fisk was not only armed, but that the wound in his arm was inflicted by himthat the wound in his arm was inflicted by him-self—inflicted a la Vallandigham, in attempting to draw his pistel from his pocket. That two pistols were used is very clear, from the fact that two bullets were found, one in Fisk's body and one on the marble pavement, the one bullet fitting the pistol found and the other not. The bullet in the body fitting the pistol found, the bullet on the floor, which produced the wound in the arm, not fitting any pistol yet produced. The theory is that Fisk, coming in at the door, and seeing Stokes on the stair, attempted to draw that the wound in his arm was inflicted by himand seeing Stokes on the stair, attempted to draw his pistol, when it accidentally discharged at the same time that he received Stoke's bullet in the arm. The parties who removed the outside clething of the Colonel are yet to be produced in court. The woman who handed the pistol to the court. The woman who handed the pistol to the officer is yet to tell how it came into her hands, with other interesting testimony to show that Stokes did not fire on an unarmed man. But two persons witnessed the shooting. These were two hall boys of the Central Hotel, who were wither so triphy and then they did not know what either so frightened that they did not know what was going on, or deliberately perjured them-selves, as they fiatly contradicted each other and their own testimony on the stand." THE REPUBLICANS IN FRANCE WILL NOT BE

SOLD OUT .- A Paris dispatch says that a republican uprising was organized throughout the south of France to take place in case Thiers' resignation had resulted in the succession of the Duke d'Aumale or Marshal MacMahon's appointment as chief executive. The republicans rangement. Any attempt of the monarchists to absolve themselves from its obligation will be the signal for taking up arms. Gambetta has made a journey south to have an understanding with the leaders. Supplies of money, arms, ammunition, and all the necessaries of war were on hand, and all the preparations for a civil con-flict were made. The leaders have concluded to continue these preparations against future contingencies. Should Ponyer Quertier retire from the ministry, Picard will be his successor

The WAY KIT DOES IT.—An ignorant critic finds fault with Joaquin Miller's poem, "Kit Carson's Ride," because the hero dashes away "on bareback horse," and subsequently "rises in his stirrups." This kind of criticism is the paltry work of an uninformed mind. Those who are familiar with Mr. Carson's habits know that he never carried his stirrups on his horse. He wore them hanging by a strap over his shoulders, and when he wanted to rise he placed his feet in them and stood up, his whole weight falling upon himself, leaving the horse un-touched beaneath! Any person with ordinar / intelligence will see by the above explanatio a that Kit's idea was to relieve his horse at times from his heavy burden.

LAND SALES IN VIRGINIA .- Samuel Ruckle has disposed of a tract of land, unimp. eved, on the west side of the Baltimore and Ohio railroad, near Kerneysville, Jefferson county, Va., to B. S. McIntire, containing 60 acres, for \$5) per acre. A farm belonging to David Lindsey, of Berkeley county, Va., has been sold to Arnold Lawton, of Pennsylvania, for \$6,300. Also, a farm belonging to Henry Zepp, of that county, containing 120 acres, to M. S. Burhs, of Alleghany county, Pa., for \$4,800. ghany county, Pa., for \$4,800.

NATURAL ILLUMINATING GAS.—A Rochester (N. Y.) company is undertaking to bring gas into the city from a natural gas well at Bloomfield, twenty-three miles distant. It is now on the verge of the city, and shows a water pressure of nineteen inches. The company claim that if the pressure is maintained at the terminus of the pipes in the city, they can supply about 800,000 cubic feet of gas daily to the receivers.

VERDICT FOR EX-COLLECTOR MURPHY .- In the suit brought by Sheehan against ex-Collec-ter Murphy in New York to recover political assessments of two per cent. on his custom-house salary, the complaint has been dismissed on the ground that the assessments were paid voluntarily. Murphy testified that the assessments had been made, and that in some instances he had repeat dome of the money. repaid some of the money. A BAPTIST MINISTER ARRESTED FOR STEAL-

A BAPTIST MINISTER ARRESTED FOR STEAL-ING —Henry Morgan, a young Baptist minister, who has been for about five months preaching to a congregation in Cheviot, a suburb of Cin-cinnati, was, last Thursday, arrested by detec-tives for stealing books from the theological and religious departments of the Public Library. Morgan confessed his crime. A BILL has been drafted in Chicago to be prescated to the Illinois legislature authorizing cities to establish and maintain free libraries

and reading rooms. For this purpose the bill proposes to grant to all incorporated cities the power to levy a tax of one mill on the dollar on all taxable property, to constitute a "librar THE MACE AND O'BALDWIN MILL .- Mr. Harry Hill yesterday placed the first deposit in behalt of James Mace in the hands of Frank Queen. Mr. O'Baldwin is now called on to cover the deposit for a contest for the championship of the world for \$2,500. The articles of agreement are to be sent to the fighting giant. He is travelling in the West.—N. F. Sun, 27th.

Two Fellows got into a quarrel in Bosco-bel, Wis., the other day, and during the battle one fellow broke a whisky bottle over his oppo-nent's head. This fresh disaster brought the combatants to their senses, and they both sat

down and wept copious tears over their mutua A RECENTLY ARRIVED English s want girl pitched a cup of scalding coffee into her mistress's face, at San Francisco, because the lady hoped the Prince of W to would die. She is now looking for an other place—British family preferred—referees unexceptionable.

That recommended by B. H. Hill to the people of Georgia, to wit:—"Blot out the spirit of intolerance, recognize and obey the constitution as amended, and go to work and get control of your own affairs."

DON'T LIKE STRIKES .- The Produce Exchange of New York held a meeting Saturday in regard to the strike of the coopers. A commit-tee was appointed to take steps to have the law changed so so to make illegal all combinations having a depressing effect on trade.

SMALL POX.—The deaths from small-pox for Philadelphia last week were 177, a decrease of 32 from the preceding week. Twelve small-pox cases were reported in New York Saturday. There were 25 deaths in that city during this week.

MRS. COLT, of Martford, who has built for her working-people one of the most beautiff churches on this continent, has determined build for their children a school, to cost not is than \$60,000.

OLIVER DYER, in a sketch of the life of Colo-nel Fisk, says that, as a christian, he would have been a favorite in the church, and that "his executive a lility would have come into grand and beneficent play in running a re" val." THE PRISON REPORM ASSOCIATION met at Steinway Hall, New York, on Saturday morning, and elected Horatio Seymour, president; J. G. Blaine and F. Lieber, vice presidents; and E. C. Wines, secretary.

SPINAL MERISGITIS is raging among the horses in New York city. The best constructed and appointed stables have been visited by it, and a fearful death rate has been the result. so The third-sex of Illinois will hold their annual Convention in Bloomington, some time

in February.